





Type of Boundary	Type of Stress	Type of Fault	Clay Representation
<p>Divergent</p> <p>Two plates pull apart in opposite directions (Divide/diverge)</p>	<p>Tension pulls rock apart until it stretches enough to get thinner in the middle Ex. Stretching warm bubble gum</p>	<p>Normal tension in the crust pull rock apart</p> 	
<p>Convergent</p> <p>Two plates come together (Collide/converge)</p>	<p>Compression squeezes rock until it folds or breaks</p>	<p>Reverse has same structure as normal fault but the blocks move in opposite directions</p> 	
<p>Transform</p> <p>Two plates that slide past each other in opposite directions (Hands rubbing together)</p>	<p>Shearing stress that pushes a mass of rock in two opposite directions. Rock can slip apart, break, or change its shape.</p>	<p>Strike-Slip rocks on either side of the fault slip past each other sideways with a small vertical motion</p> 